



**Karolinska
Institutet**

Course syllabus for

The Healthy Human 1, 24 credits

Den friska människan 1, 24 hp

This course has been cancelled, for further information see Transitional provisions in the last version of the syllabus.

Please note that the course syllabus is available in the following versions:

[Autumn2007](#) , [Autumn2008](#) , [Spring2009](#) , [Autumn2009](#) , [Spring2010](#) , [Autumn2010](#) , [Spring2011](#) , [Autumn2011](#) , [Autumn2012](#) , [Spring2013](#) , [Autumn2013](#) , [Spring2014](#) , [Autumn2014](#) , [Spring2015](#) , [Autumn2015](#)

Course code	2LK000
Course name	The Healthy Human 1
Credits	24 credits
Form of Education	Higher Education, study regulation 2007
Main field of study	Medicine
Level	G1 - First cycle 1
Grading scale	Pass, Fail
Department	Department of Medical Biochemistry and Biophysics
Participating institutions	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Department of Physiology and Pharmacology• Department of Neuroscience• Department of Cell and Molecular Biology
Decided by	Programnämnden för Läkarprogrammet
Decision date	2007-03-13
Revised by	Programnämnd 2
Last revision	2012-10-25
Course syllabus valid from	Spring 2013

Specific entry requirements

Standardised admission requirements E.1.

Objectives

The knowledge is tiered according to the SOLO taxonomy: S1) simple (e.g. know, identify), S2) compound (e.g. account for, describe), S3) related (e.g. analyse, relate), and S4) extended (e.g. theorise, analyse). The practical skills are tiered according to Miller's pyramid: M1) know, M2) know how to carry out, M3) be able to show, and M4) be able to carry out professionally.

The learning outcomes of the course are divided in learning outcomes for the respective parts of the

course. The aims of scientific development are integrated with the aims of the parts.

Part 1: Basic Structure and Development – from egg to embryo

Knowledge and understanding

The system of man, in balance

The student should

- be familiar with basic anatomic terminology and, at adult, be able to account for the structure and function of the organ systems at a general level especially respect circulation - and the respiratory organs, the urinary organs, the nervous system and the endocrine bodies (S1).
- be able to account for the chemical building blocks of the cell (S1-S2).
- be able to account for the microscopic structure of the cell and its most important functions and for the structure and function of the different cell organelles (S2).
- be familiar with basic genetic terminology, be able to account for the organisation of the genome and its development at cellular, chromosomal and gene levels, and be able to explain the basic molecular genetic mechanisms in relation to the structures and functions of the cells (S3).
- be able to account for the molecular mechanisms of developmental biology, for the development of the cells in the most important tissue types, for the turnover of the cells, and for the individual's development, from the formation of germ cells to embryo, and also be able to account for all this in relation to heredity and environment (S2).
- be able to account for cell growth, cell specialisation, cell motion and interactions between cells, and be able to explain how the interactions facilitate the development of a multicellular organism (S3).
- for both simple and complex genetic diseases, be able to discuss the relationship between heredity and environment on the one hand and phenotype on the other (S4).

The system of man, in imbalance

The student should be able to

- account for different types of mutations, for factors that cause mutations and for mechanisms that the cell uses to retain genomic integrity (S2).

Skills

The human system, directly and indirect contact

The student should be able to

- use models to analyse, sensitise and learn complex connections around basic cell biology-related mechanisms such as around the different function systems of the body (M2).
- collect and analyse basic scientific as well as clinical issues and be able to summarise the result (M2).

Attitude

Knowledge and attitude

The student should be able to

- demonstrate an understanding how human phenotype is results of the interplay between individual inheritance and development in a complex and varying environment (S1).

Part 2: Digestion and metabolism

Knowledge and understanding

The system of man, in balance and in imbalance

The student should be able to account for

- the structure and function of the digestive tract, and also be able to relate this knowledge to how different nutrients are digested and absorbed (S1-S3).
- the metabolism of carbohydrates, lipids, proteins and nucleotides and also be able to relate this knowledge to various metabolic conditions as well as to various diseases (S1-S3).
- the structure and function of the liver, and of the relation of the liver to the digestive tract, and to be able to relate this knowledge to different symptoms and diseases (S1-S3).
- the structure and function of the pancreas, and of the relation of pancreas to the digestive tract and to the metabolism, and to be able to relate this knowledge to different symptoms and to different diseases

(S1-S3).

- the importance of macro- and micro- nutrients for body functions and establishment of health, and to understand the basis for the nutritional recommendations (S1-S3).

Skills

Indirect contact

The student should be able to

- take capillary blood samples, be able to carry out oral glucose tolerance test, be able to analyse lactate, blood lipids and enzymes and be able to present and discuss the results (M1 - M2).
- protect oneself against infection as well as against damage when handling blood and chemicals (M1-M2).
- collect and analyse information on both basic scientific and clinical issues and be able to present the results (M2).
- use microscopy (M3).
- be able to demonstrate anatomical structures in dissected organs, in plastic models and in radiological images, and be able to identify tissues in histological preparations (M2).
- be able to work in a mixed group and present, together with the group, jointly obtained results (M1).

Attitude

The student should

- through an analytical attitude, be able to understand the genesis mechanisms of diseases (S3).
- be able to show respect for the dead body (S3).

Part 3: The primary care

Overall aims for the primary care

Knowledge and understanding

The student should

- know the most common examination instruments and the use of these (S1).
- be able to account for hygienic instructions concerning working clothes and in connection with blood sampling (S2).
- be familiar with methodologies in connection with simple laboratory sampling (S1).
- be able to define the patient's part in the consultation (S2) and have general knowledge of different responses when talking with patient (S2).
- be able to define the professional secrecy (S2).

Skills

The student should

- be able to use stethoscope, blood pressure gauge and reflex hammer in an adequate way (M1).
- be able to talk to a patient at home visits from a patient-centered perspective and be able to reflect around this talk (M2).

Attitude

The student should

- in a respectful way be able to counter patients, relatives and staff (S2).

Content

The course is organised in two principal parts, a primary care part and a final part that consists of integrating and summarising elements as well as a written final examination. The primary care (PV) constitute one of many arenas where teaching is carried out during the DFM1 course. Professional skills (PU) and scholarly development (VetU) is integrated in the course but belongs organizationally to the Introductory course.

Basic Structure and Development - from Egg to Embryo, 6.5 hp The part, that is based on human development from germ cells to embryo, give an introduction to the most important functions and structures of the cell and to embryology, and to the molecular mechanisms of developmental biology.

The initial sub-part of the part gives an introduction to the structure and function of the organ systems of the adult individual, and to anatomic terminology. This part comprises the circulation and respiratory organs, the urinary organs, the nervous system and the endocrine organs. The initial sub-part of the part also gives an introduction the structure and function of molecules. Under the main part of the part basic functions are discussed, at molecular and cellular levels with a special focus on mechanisms enabling a multicellular organism to develop i.e. growth and heredity, interactions between cells, cell motion, cell transport and cell specialization. The knowledge is enhanced in basic scientific and clinical lectures, during group discussions, in teaching sessions, through modelling and via the production of models and concept maps. In a scholarly project the student deepens oneself in the genetics mechanisms under the theme "Hereditary and man in health and disease".

The topic-specific core of the part consists of the basic scientific disciplines cell and molecular biology and developmental biology.

During this part, the function systems metabolism and the endocrine system, reproduction, movement, skin, and development and aging, are treated. **Digestion and Metabolism, 10 hp** The part treats in an integrated way

- the structure and function of the digestive tract and the accessory organs on a molecular-, subcellular-, cellular-, tissue- and organ level.
- the organisation and regulation of chemical life processes.
- the structure and function of molecules and cells.
- nutrition physiological aspects and the relation to common national diseases.

The topic-specific core of the part consists of the basic scientific disciplines macroscopic and microscopic anatomy, medical biochemistry, physiology and endocrinology.

This part treats the function systems digestion, metabolism and the endocrine system, circulation, hematopoiesis and the immune system.

The link between clinic and pathology takes place primarily with regard to the "metabolic syndrome", that is, between diabetes and hyperlipidemia on the one hand and atherosclerosis, obesity and hypertension on the other. The connection, however, is also made to disturbances in the digestive tract. The knowledge is enhanced both via clinic lectures, and, in some cases, via meetings with patients.

The scientific core of the part consists of laboratory sessions, which are examined orally or in writing. The core also includes to be able to analyse basic scientific articles and to analyse bases for e. g. diets and diet recommendations. **Primary care, 1.5 hp** The teaching of Primary care is given during four days. Two days are located to Centre for Family medicine (CeFAM) and two days are located to care centre. The student obtains an introduction to status - and consultatory skills through theoretical teaching and practical exercises. In a primary care centre, the student meet patients with different diseases, some of which are relevant to the theoretical teaching, and start under supervision training of status - and consultation skills. **Integration with final examination, 6 hp** The final parts of the course include integrating lectures, self-study and question sessions, and a final examination of the basic scientific core of parts 1 and 2.

Integration between clinic and basic science

In the course, the following function systems are treated, illustrated by the listed integrating assignments:

- Digestion: Bloody vomiting, blood in/dicoloured faeces, abdominal pain, abdominal swelling, diarrhea, constipation, jaundice, heartburn/sour eructations, vomitings/inappetence/nausea, resistance in abdomen, swallowing disorders, changed faeces habits, eating disorders.
- Metabolism and the endocrine system: Lump in the breast, weight loss, weight gain/overweight, increased thirst.

- Circulation: High blood pressure, swelling in extremity, oedemas.
- Hematopoiesis and the immune system: Paleness, hemorrhagic disorder.
- Reproduction: Pregnancy, infertility/sexual dysfunction.
- Motion: Dyskinesia, weakness.
- Skin: Wounds.
- Development and aging: Dying patient, abnormality, deviant growth, deviant motor development.

The clinical teaching is to a great extent integrated with the basic scientific teaching. The teaching is mainly given within the primary care and on CeFAM.

Teaching methods

Part 1: Basic structure and Development – from egg to embryo

In the elements with systematic anatomy and biochemistry, the main working methods are lectures and group assignments, lectures seminars and self-study with teacher support.

The molecular and cellular basic mechanisms of life, as well as developmental biology, are high-lighted with both basic scientific and clinical lectures with teaching sessions and discussions, and through modelling and through the production of concept maps where important concepts are compared and related. The scientific project comprises information retrieval, self-study, discussions and to write an essay.

Part 2: Digestion and metabolism

The part comprises both of theoretical and practical teaching in the form of lectures, patient examples from the clinic and project work, where larger problems are treated. A part of the teaching takes place in the form of self-study with teacher support. The part also includes, laboratory sessions under supervision and demonstration of anatomical and histological preparations.

Part 3: The primary care

The teaching consists of lectures, practical exercises, group discussions and forum theatre. In a primary care centre, the teaching consist of group tuition, auscultation, training of status - and consultation skills under supervision, patient interviews in connection with visits in their home and auscultation in the laboratory.

Part 4: Integration with final examination

The final parts of the course contain summarising lectures, reflection, self-study and question times and a final integrating examination extensive the principal parts 1 and 2.

The course overlaps in time partly with the Introductory course and some of the PU- and VetU-parts related to the Introductory course take place during the course.

In case of absence

The course director assesses if and how absence from compulsory education elements can be taken again. Before the student has participated in the compulsory education elements or recovered absence in accordance with the instructions of the course coordinator, the final report may not be entered. Absence from a compulsory education element can result in that the student can not redo the occasion until next time the course is given.

Examination

Part 1: Basic structure and Development – from egg to embryo

The part is examined both with self-evaluations, and with oral, written or IT-based tests. The scientific project work is examined individually with an essay. The models are presented with an exhibition around a medical theme.

Part 2: Digestion and metabolism

Overviews and lectures if safety has compulsory attendance such as all laboratory sessions.

The part is examined by oral, written or IT-supported tests. The laboratory sessions are examined in

groups through oral presentation or written reports. Project works are examined in groups through oral presentations.

Part 3: The primary care

For the teaching within the primary care and during the CeFAM-days, compulsory attendance applies.

Part 4: Integration with final examination

For participation in the written examination, approved compulsory tests under Part 1 and Part 2 are required.

The final examination that is in writing covers knowledge from the simple to the more advanced levels. The student is hereby given the possibility to relate, compare, analyse and discuss different phenomena. A part of the examination can be based on scientific publications.

Compensation of absence from, and participation in, compulsory subparts:

For tests, quiz, laboratory sessions, safety lectures, safety sessions, presentations of project work and laboratory sessions and for the teaching within the primary care apply compulsory attendance.

Compensation of absence takes place according to the examiner's instructions, or when appropriate according to instructions from the supervisor within the primary care or the semester responsible regarding the primary care (CeFAM).

Limitations of the number of examinations or practical training sessions

A student who do not pass the regular examination is entitled to re-sit the examination on five more occasions. If the student has carried out six failed examinations/tests the student will not be given any additional examination. Submission of a blank examination is also counted as an examination. For parts with clinical rotation the rule is that they can only be repeated once.

Interruption of VFU

The examiner may with immediate effect interrupt a student's clinical rotation (VFU), or the equivalent, if the student demonstrates such serious deficiencies in knowledge, skills or attitudes that patient safety or patient confidence in healthcare is at risk. When clinical rotation is interrupted according to this, it implies that the student fails in the current part, and that one clinical rotation opportunity is used up.

In such cases, an individual action plan should be set up for required activities and examinations, before the student is given a possibility for a new clinical rotation in the course.

Eligibility to a new VFU

Student that has failed one placement (VFU), or the equivalent, due to the fact that the student has shown so serious deficiencies in knowledge, skills or attitudes that the patient security or the patients' trust for the healthcare have been jeopardised is qualified for a new placement in VFU/equivalent only when the individual action plan have been completed.

Transitional provisions

If a course has been closed down or undergone major changes, at least two additional examinations (excluding regular examinations) in the previous contents are provided during a period of a year from the date of the change.

Other directives

Course evaluation is carried out according to guidelines that are established by the board of education.

Teaching and presentations in English occur.

Literature and other teaching aids

Harvey, Richard A.; Ferrier, Denise R.

Biochemistry

5th ed. : Baltimore, Md. : Lippincott Williams & Wilkins, c2011. - 520 s.

ISBN:978-1-60913-998-8 (pbk.) LIBRIS-ID:11936597

[Library search](#)

Baynes, John W.; Dominiczak, Marek H.

Medical biochemistry

3. ed. : [Edinburgh] : Mosby Elsevier, cop. 2009 - xxv, 653 s.

ISBN:978-0-323-05371-6 (pbk.) LIBRIS-ID:11369741

[Library search](#)

Berg, Jeremy M.; Tymoczko, John L.; Stryer, Lubert

Biochemistry

7. ed., International ed. : Basingstoke : Palgrave Macmillan, cop. 2012 - xxxii, 1098, [78] s.

ISBN:978-1-4292-7635-1 LIBRIS-ID:12135215

[Library search](#)

Devlin, Thomas M.

Textbook of biochemistry : with clinical correlations

7th ed. : Hoboken, NJ : John Wiley & Sons, c2011. - xxxii, 1204 p.

ISBN:978-0-470-28173-4 (cloth) LIBRIS-ID:11805419

[Library search](#)

Erlanson-Albertsson, Charlotte; Gullberg, Urban

Cellbiology

2., [rev. och uppdaterade] uppl. : Lund : Studentlitteratur, 2007 - 350 s.

ISBN:978-91-44-04738-6 LIBRIS-ID:10532220

[Library search](#)

Nelson, David Lee; Cox, Michael M.; Lehninger, Albert

Lehninger principles of biochemistry

5th ed. : New York : W. H. Freeman ;a Basingstoke :b Palgrave [distributor], cop. 2008. - 1158 s.

ISBN:978-0-7167-7108-1 LIBRIS-ID:10718150

[Library search](#)

Laurells Klinisk kemi i praktisk medicin

Nilsson-Ehle, Peter; Berggren Söderlund, Maria; Theodorsson, Elvar; Becker, Charlotte

Laurell, Carl-Bertil

9., [rev. och utök.] uppl. : Lund : Studentlitteratur, 2012 - 733 s.

ISBN:978-91-44-04787-4 (inb.) LIBRIS-ID:12532093

[Library search](#)

Feneis, Heinz; Dauber, Wolfgang

Anatomisk bildordbok

Spitzer, Gerhard; Brinkman, Ingrid

5., utökade uppl. /b [fackgranskning: Håkan Aldskogius] : Stockholm : Liber, 2006 - [4], 520 s.

ISBN:91-47-05301-1 LIBRIS-ID:10162715

URL: <http://www2.liber.se/bilder/omslag/100/4705301o.jpg>

[Library search](#)

Moore, Keith L.; Dalley, Arthur F.; Agur, Anne M. R.

Clinically oriented anatomy

6. ed. : Philadelphia, Pa. : Wolters Kluwer Health/Lippincott Williams & Wilkins, cop. 2010 [dvs 2009] - xxix, 1134 s.

ISBN:978-1-60547-652-0 (international ed.) LIBRIS-ID:11309709

[Library search](#)

Moore, Keith L.; Agur, A. M. R.; Dalley, Arthur F.

Essential clinical anatomy

4th ed., International ed. : Philadelphia : Wolters Kluwer/Lippincott Williams & Wilkins, c2011. - xxviii, 703 p.

ISBN:1-60913-112-6 (pbk.) LIBRIS-ID:12034326

[Library search](#)

Snell, Richard S.; Snell, Richard S. t Clinical anatomy for medical students.

Clinical anatomy

7. ed. : Philadelphia : Lippincott Williams & Wilkins, cop. 2004 - x, 1012 s.

ISBN:0-7817-4315-X LIBRIS-ID:9023138

[Library search](#)

Medical physiology : principles for clinical medicine

Rhoades, Rodney; Bell, David R.

3. ed. : Philadelphia : Lippincott Williams & Wilkins, cop. 2009 - 816 s.

ISBN:978-0-7817-6852-8 LIBRIS-ID:10702457

[Library search](#)

Medical physiology : a cellular and molecular approach

Boron, Walter F.; Boulpaep, Emile L.

Updated 2. ed. : Philadelphia, Pa : Saunders Elsevier, cop. 2012 - xii, 1337 s.

ISBN:978-0-8089-2449-4 (international ed.) LIBRIS-ID:12505054

[Library search](#)

Hall, John E.; Guyton, Arthur C.

Guyton and Hall textbook of medical physiology Textbook of medical physiology

12th ed. : Philadelphia, PA : Saunders/Elsevier, c2011. - 1091 s.

ISBN:978-1-4160-4574-8 (alk. paper) LIBRIS-ID:11884625

[Library search](#)

Silbernagl, Stefan; Despopoulos, Agamemnon

Color atlas of physiology

6. ed., completely rev. and expanded : Stuttgart : Thieme, cop. 2009

ISBN:978-3-13-545006-3 LIBRIS-ID:11234528

[Library search](#)

Ross, Michael H.; Pawlina, Wojciech.

Histology : a text and atlas : with correlated cell and molecular biology

6. ed. : Philadelphia : Wolters Kluwer/Lippincott Williams & Wilkins Health, c2011

ISBN:9781451101508 (International ed.) LIBRIS-ID:12030789

[Library search](#)

Alberts, Bruce

Molecular biology of the cell

5. ed. : New York : Taylor & Francis, cop. 2008 - xxxiii, 1268 s.

ISBN:9780815341062 (paperback) LIBRIS-ID:10645719

URL: <http://www.loc.gov/catdir/toc/ecip0710/2007005475.html>

[Library search](#)

Erlanson-Albertsson, Charlotte; Gullberg, Urban

Cellbiologi

2., [rev. och uppdaterade] uppl. : Lund : Studentlitteratur, 2007 - 350 s.

ISBN:978-91-44-04738-6 LIBRIS-ID:10532220

[Library search](#)

Alberts, Bruce

Molecular biology of the cell

5. ed. : New York : Taylor & Francis, cop. 2008 - xxxiii, 1268 s.

ISBN:9780815341062 (paperback) LIBRIS-ID:10645719

URL: <http://www.loc.gov/catdir/toc/ecip0710/2007005475.html>

[Library search](#)

Mitchell, Barry; Sharma, Ram

Embryology

Britton, Robert

Edinburgh : Elsevier Churchill Livingstone, 2005 - vii, 81 s.

ISBN:0-443-07398-8 LIBRIS-ID:9503791

[Library search](#)

Ulfig, Norbert

Embryologi : en kortfattad lärobok

Wilhelms, Daniel B.

1. uppl. : Lund : Studentlitteratur, 2012 - 181 s.

ISBN:978-91-44-07115-2 LIBRIS-ID:12543000

[Library search](#)

Nordic Nutrition Recommendations 2004 : integrating nutrition and physical activity

4th edition : Copenhagen : Nordic Council of Ministers, Council of Ministers,c 2004 - 435, [1] s.

ISBN:92-893-1062-6 LIBRIS-ID:9851293

[Library search](#)